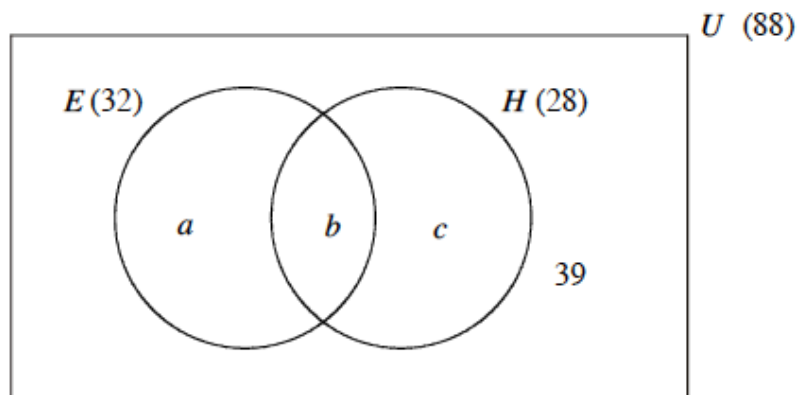


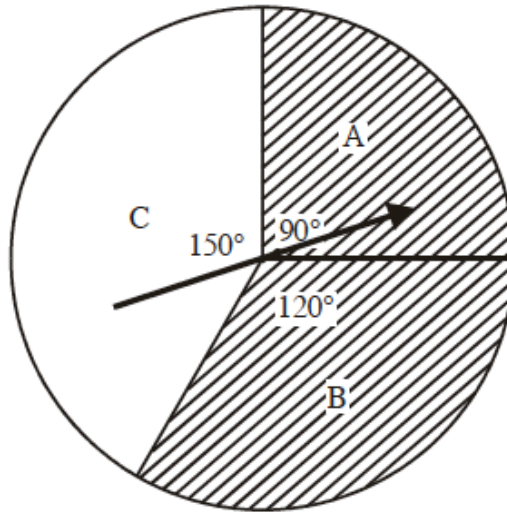
82.) In a school of 88 boys, 32 study economics (E), 28 study history (H) and 39 do not study either subject. This information is represented in the following Venn diagram.



- (a) Calculate the values a, b, c .
- (b) A student is selected at random.
- Calculate the probability that he studies **both** economics and history.
 - Given that he studies economics, calculate the probability that he does **not** study history.
- (c) A group of three students is selected at random from the school.
- Calculate the probability that none of these students studies economics.
 - Calculate the probability that at least one of these students studies economics.

2.) The events A and B are independent such that $P(B) = 3P(A)$ and $P(A \cup B) = 0.68$. Find $P(B)$

77.) The following diagram shows a circle divided into three sectors A, B and C. The angles at the centre of the circle are 90° , 120° and 150° . Sectors A and B are shaded as shown.



The arrow is spun. It cannot land on the lines between the sectors. Let A , B , C and S be the events defined by

- A : Arrow lands in sector A
- B : Arrow lands in sector B
- C : Arrow lands in sector C
- S : Arrow lands in a shaded region.

Find

- (a) $P(B)$;
 - (b) $P(S)$;
 - (c) $P(A|S)$.
-
-

3.) A fair coin is tossed five times. Calculate the probability of obtaining

- (a) exactly three heads;
 - (b) at least one head.
-
-

57.) In a class, 40 students take chemistry only, 30 take physics only, 20 take both chemistry and physics, and 60 take neither.

- (a) Find the probability that a student takes physics given that the student takes chemistry.
- (b) Find the probability that a student takes physics given that the student does **not** take chemistry.
- (c) State whether the events “taking chemistry” and “taking physics” are mutually exclusive, independent, or neither. Justify your answer.

(Total 6 marks)

4.) Let A and B be independent events such that $P(A) = 0.3$ and $P(B) = 0.8$.

- (a) Find $P(A \cap B)$.
- (b) Find $P(A \cup B)$.
- (c) Are A and B mutually exclusive? Justify your answer.

5.) A company uses two machines, A and B , to make boxes. Machine A makes 60 % of the boxes.

80 % of the boxes made by machine A pass inspection.

90 % of the boxes made by machine B pass inspection.

A box is selected at random.

- (a) Find the probability that it passes inspection. (3)
- (b) The company would like the probability that a box passes inspection to be 0.87. Find the percentage of boxes that should be made by machine B to achieve this. (4)

(Total 7 marks)

6.) The letters of the word PROBABILITY are written on 11 cards as shown below.

P R O B A B I L I T Y

Two cards are drawn at random without replacement.

Let A be the event the first card drawn is the letter A.

Let B be the event the second card drawn is the letter B.

(a) Find $P(A)$. (1)

(b) Find $P(B | A)$. (2)

(c) Find $P(A \cap B)$. (3)

(Total 6 marks)

7.) Let A and B be independent events, where $P(A) = 0.6$ and $P(B) = x$.

(a) Write down an expression for $P(A \cap B)$.

(b) Given that $P(A \cup B) = 0.8$,

(i) find x ;

(ii) find $P(A \cap B)$.

(c) Hence, explain why A and B are **not** mutually exclusive.

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Answer key (ensure you show all calculations for full marks)

82.) a) $a = 21$; $b = 11$; $c = 17$
bi) $1/8$ bii) $21/32$
ci) 25.3% cii) 74.7%

2.) $P(B) = 0.6$

77.) a) $1/3$; b) $7/12$; c) $3/7$

3.) a) skip this question b) $31/32$

57.) a) $1/3$; b) $1/3$; c) Not mutually exclusive, but they are independent mathematically

4.) a) 0.24 ; b) 0.86 ; c) No

5.) a) 84% b) 70%

6.) a) $1/11$; b) $1/5$; c) $1/55$

7.) a) $0.6x$; bi) $x = 0.5$ bii) 0.3