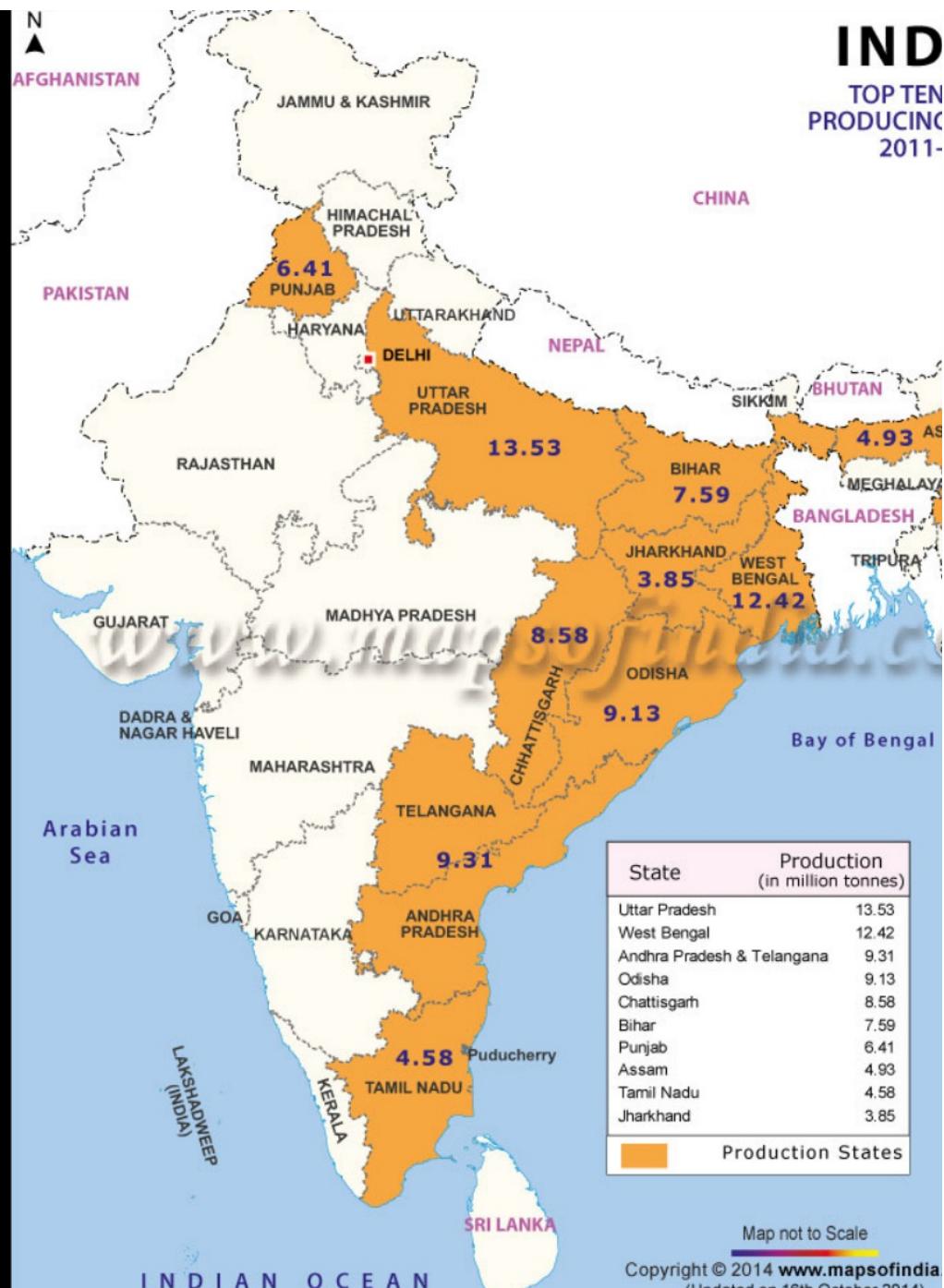


How much do you know about rice?

How much do you know about rice production in India?



A story of rice from Meghalaya:

$U_1 = 1$

Today's learning objective:

By the end of class, I will be able to calculate infinite and finite geometric series.

Today's language objective:

Infinite

Finite

The intersection of infinite and finite

There are two ways to express an infinite series...

$$S_n = \frac{u_1(r^n - 1)}{r - 1} = \frac{u_1(1 - r^n)}{1 - r}, \quad r \neq 1$$

finite
(rice) $(1.07 - 1)$

\downarrow
 $5500(1.07^{40} - 1)$

Less than

$$S_\infty = \frac{u_1}{1 - r}, \quad |r| < 1$$

$$S_{30} = \frac{1(2^{30}-1)}{2-1}$$

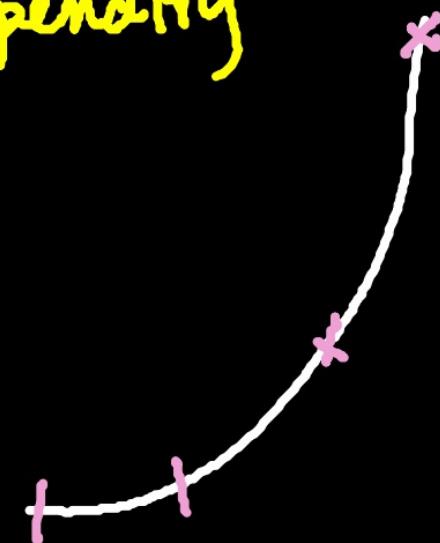
= 1,073,741,823 grains

Roth IRA

- Vanguard (501c3 "non-profit")
- Earned Income only
- $\leq \$5,500/\text{yr}$ Jan 1
- SEP 500 (VOO)
(77.)
- pre-65 access incurs a 10% penalty

0.01%

$$\frac{\$5,500}{U_1} \rightarrow r \rightarrow 1.07$$



$$20,\,10,\,5,\,\ldots$$

$$S_{_n}=\frac{u_1(r^{^n}-1)}{r-1}=\frac{u_1(1-r^{^n})}{1-r},\,\,r\neq1$$

$$S_{_\infty}=\frac{u_1}{1-r},\,\left|r\right|<1$$

5, 10, 20, 40 ...

$$S_n = \frac{u_1(r^n - 1)}{r - 1} = \frac{u_1(1 - r^n)}{1 - r}, \quad r \neq 1$$

$$S_{\infty} = \frac{u_1}{1 - r}, \quad |r| < 1$$

Solve the following quadratic function:

$$x^2 = x + 6$$

$$S_n = \frac{u_1(r^n - 1)}{r - 1} = \frac{u_1(1 - r^n)}{1 - r}, \quad r \neq 1$$

$$S_{\infty} = \frac{u_1}{1 - r}, \quad |r| < 1$$

The sum of the first 13 terms of a geometric ~~series~~ is -797162 , and the 1st term is -2 . What is the common ratio, and what is the 7th term?

$$\frac{-797162}{+797162} = \frac{-2(r^3 - 1)}{(r - 1)}$$

$$S_n = \frac{u_1(r^n - 1)}{r - 1} = \frac{u_1(1 - r^n)}{1 - r}, r \neq 1$$

$$S_{\infty} = \frac{u_1}{1 - r}, |r| < 1$$

$\circ =$

$$u_1 = \frac{-2(r^3 - 1)}{(r - 1)} + 797162$$

Challenge: The sum of the first 21 terms in a geometric sequence is $36,611,236,207$. The first term is 7. What is "r" and the 9th term?

The sum of the first 12 terms in a geometric sequence is 1,860,040. If the first term is 7, find r and the 5th term.

$$S_n = \frac{u_1(r^n - 1)}{r - 1} = \frac{u_1(1 - r^n)}{1 - r}, r \neq 1$$

$$S_{\infty} = \frac{u_1}{1 - r}, |r| < 1$$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2}(2u_1 + (n-1)d) = \frac{n}{2}(u_1 + u_n)$$

Challenge: The sum of the first 18 terms in a geometric sequence is 1,355,971,708. If the first term is 7, what is "r" and the 5th term?

Find the sum of the infinite series $-640, -160, -40, -10\dots$

$$r = \frac{\text{2nd term}}{\text{1st term}}$$

$$S_n = \frac{u_1(r^n - 1)}{r - 1} = \frac{u_1(1 - r^n)}{1 - r}, \quad r \neq 1$$

$$S_{\infty} = \frac{u_1}{1 - r}, \quad |r| < 1$$

$$\frac{-640}{(1 - \frac{1}{4})} = -853\frac{1}{3}$$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2}(2u_1 + (n-1)d) = \frac{n}{2}(u_1 + u_n)$$

Challenge: Find the sum of the infinite series $81, 27, 9, 3\dots$

There's a sequence: m , $3m$, $m - 8$

For what value of m is the sequence arithmetic?

Challenge: For what value of m is the sequence geometric?